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*CONSOLIDATION UPDATE: DECEMBER 14, 2023*

**THE CITY OF WINNIPEG**

**BY-LAW NO. 104/2020**

A By-law of THE CITY OF WINNIPEG to outline the procedures associated with the processing and approval of development applications.

THE CITY OF WINNIPEG, in Council assembled, enacts as follows:

**PART 1  
INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS**

**Short title**

1 This By-law may be cited as the “Development Procedures By-law”.

**Definitions**

2(1) In this By-law

“**affordable housing**” means a dwelling unit that is or will be, or dwelling units that are or will be, rented for either:

*added 105/2023*

- (a) an amount that is less than 80% of the median market rental rate; or
- (b) an amount equal to or less than the Province’s Affordable Housing Rental Program rental rate.

“**Appeal Committee**” means the committee with responsibility for hearing and deciding appeals under this By-law as set out the City Organization By-law No. 7100/97;

“**applicant**” means the person who submits a development application under this By-law;

“**approving authority**”, subject to section 49, means the person or committee to whom authority has been delegated to consider and make decisions in respect of a particular type of development application, as more particularly set out in this By-law;

*deleted 108/2022*

“**CA**” means a development application for the City’s consent to a conveyance;

“**Charter**” means *The City of Winnipeg Charter*, SM 2002, c. 39;

“**city**” means the geographical area within the jurisdictional boundaries of the City;

“**City**” means the municipal corporation of The City of Winnipeg continued under section 8 of the Charter;

“**combined hearing**” means a single public hearing in respect of two or more development applications held in accordance with the Charter;

“**Community Committee**” means the committee in respect of a particular community within the city comprised of the Ward Councillors for that community as set out in the City Organization By-law No. 7100/97;

“**Complete Communities**” means the Complete Communities Direction Strategy By-law No. 68/2010;

“**conditional use**” means any use of land or building listed as a conditional use under a zoning by-law;

“**Condo**” means a development application for the City’s approval of a condominium plan of survey;

“**Council**” means the municipal council of the City;

“**DAASP**” means the City’s approval of an air space plan;

“**DAC**” means a development application for the legal closing of a street;

“**DAO**” means a development application for the legal opening of a street;

“**DAOC**” means a development application for the legal closing of a street and the legal opening of a street;

“**DAPS**” means a development application for the City’s approval of a plan of survey;

“**DAS**” means a development application for subdivision alone where new streets are being created;

“**DASSF**” means a development application for subdivision alone where no new streets are being created;

“**DASZ**” means a development application for subdivision and rezoning;

“**DAV**” means a development application for a variance;

“**DAZ**” means a development application for

- (a) a change in the zoning designation of a particular parcel of land; or

(b) a text amendment to the relevant zoning by-law;

“**DCU**” means a development application for a conditional use;

“**designated employee**” means the Director and any employee to whom the Director has given responsibility or authority for enforcing or administering all or part of this By-law;

“**development application**” means an application submitted to a designated employee for approval of a proposed development;

“**development**” has the same meaning as in the Charter;

“**Development Plan**” means the development plan of the City adopted by by-law in accordance with the Charter which, as at the date of enactment of this By-law, is the OurWinnipeg Plan By-law No. 67/2010;

“**Director**” means the director, or acting or interim director, of the City department responsible for planning and land use, which, on the date this By-law is enacted, is the Director of the City’s Planning, Property and Development Department;

“**EPC**” means the City’s Executive Policy Committee established pursuant to the Charter;

“**fee**” means a fee or charge established by Council or pursuant to authority delegated by Council;

“**hearing body**” means the committee to whom this By-law has delegated the authority and responsibility to conduct a public hearing and make recommendations to the approving authority in respect of a development application in accordance with the Charter;

“**owner**”, in respect of real property, means the person who is the registered owner of that property;

“**pre-application**” means a draft form of a development application;

“**Public Service**” means, collectively, the employees of the City;

“**rezoning**” means a change in the zoning designation of a particular parcel or area of land;

“**secondary plan**” means a secondary plan by-law enacted in accordance with the Charter;

“**site**” means an area of land that is the subject of a particular development application;

“**site plan approval**” means the process set out in Part 10 of this By-law by which an applicant obtains approval of their plan for a site where the approving authority has approved the underlying development application;

“**SPC**” means the Standing Policy Committee with responsibility for providing policy advice to Council in respect of planning and land use which, on the date this By-law is enacted, is the Standing Policy Committee of Property and Development.

*amended 137/2022*

“**street**” has the same meaning as in the Charter;

“**subdivision**” has the same meaning as in the Charter, and includes the consolidation of multiple contiguous parcels of land;

“**vacant**”, in relation to a building, has the same meaning as in the Vacant Buildings Bylaw No. 79/2010.

*added 105/2023*

“**variance**” means a context-specific modification of a zoning by-law that applies in respect of a particular development proposal but that does not apply to development generally and does not amend the text of the zoning by-law;

“**Ward Councillor**” means the municipal Councillor for the City who is elected to represent the ward within the boundaries of which a particular development is located;

“**ZAA**” means a development application for an amendment to an existing agreement imposed as a condition of approval of rezoning; and

“**zoning by-law**” means either the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law No. 100/2004 or the Winnipeg Zoning By-law No. 200/2006, as the context requires.

## **PART 2 DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS**

### **Development applications**

**3(1)** The Director is authorized to determine the form in which a development application must be submitted.

**3(2)** In addition to any requirement determined by the Director pursuant to subsection (1), a development application must include

- (a) payment of the applicable fee; and
- (b) all information that the designated employee determines is reasonably required for the approving authority to assess and make a decision in respect of the development application.

**3(3)** For greater certainty, a development application is deemed to be incomplete unless it meets

- (a) any requirement of the designated employee under subsection (1); or
- (b) any of the requirements under subsection (2).

**3(4)** A development application may be submitted by

- (a) the owner or owners of the site; or
- (b) any person on behalf of the owner or owners of the site with each owner's permission.

#### **Refused development applications**

**4(1)** In addition to the instances in which the designated employee is required to refuse a development application without a public hearing pursuant to subsection 275(2) of the Charter, the designated employee is authorized to refuse a development application without a public hearing where

- (a) the development application fails to meet the requirements under clause 3(2); or
- (b) a designated employee determines that the proposed development cannot be approved by the approving authority.

**4(2)** Subject to subsection (3), a decision of a designated employee to refuse a development application without a public hearing may be appealed to SPC in accordance with the Charter.

**4(3)** A decision of a designated employee to refuse an application without a public hearing on the basis that it does not conform either with the Development Plan or with Complete Communities may be appealed to EPC in accordance with the Charter.

#### **Further information**

**5(1)** Where a designated employee determines that additional information is required to properly assess a submitted development application, the designated employee is authorized to require that the applicant provide the additional information before the development application can be forwarded to the approving authority for consideration.

**5(2)** Where the designated employee determines that additional information is required under subsection (1), the designated employee must give notice in writing to the applicant.

**5(3)** Where the designated employee has given notice in accordance with subsection (2), the development application is deemed to be incomplete and must not be processed or forwarded to the approving authority until it is determined to be complete by a designated employee in accordance with section 6.

### **Complete development applications**

**6(1)** A designated employee is authorized to determine the date on which a development application is complete.

**6(2)** Once the designated employee has determined that a development application is complete in accordance with subsection (1), he or she must provide notice in writing to the applicant.

**6(3)** A development application must not be processed by a designated employee or forwarded for consideration by the approving authority unless and until it is determined by a designated employee to be complete in accordance with this section.

### **Abandoned development applications**

**7(1)** Where the designated employee provides notice to the applicant under subsection 5(2), the applicant must provide the additional information within 6 months following the date on which the applicant receives or is deemed to have received the notice.

**7(2)** Where the applicant fails to provide the additional information as required by subsection (1), the development application is deemed to be abandoned and the applicant must submit a new development application in respect of the proposed development.

**7(3)** Despite subsection (2), the Director is authorized to approve in writing, prior to the expiration of the timeframe set out in subsection (1), an extension of that deadline where he or she determines that the deadline is unreasonable in the circumstances.

### **Amended or cancelled development applications**

**8(1)** Once a development application has been determined by a designated employee to be complete in accordance with section 10, the applicant must not make any amendments to the development application or submit any additional information unless the amendment or the additional information has been

- (a) requested by the designated employee; or
- (b) approved in writing by the designated employee.

**8(2)** Where the designated employee requests or approves amendments to a development application under subsection (1), the designated employee is authorized to

- (a) provide a deadline by which the applicant must submit those amendments; and
- (b) extend the deadline in writing.

**8(3)** A designated employee is authorized to cancel a development application and require that the applicant submit a new development application in respect of the proposed development if the applicant fails to meet any deadline or extended deadline provided by the designated employee under subsection (2).

**Pre-application**

**9(1)** A pre-application may be submitted by

- (a) the owner or owners of the site; or
- (b) any person on behalf of the owner or owners of the site with each owner's permission.

**9(2)** A pre-application may only be submitted in respect of a proposed development application for

- (a) a rezoning;
- (b) a subdivision;
- (c) a variance;
- (d) a conditional use;
- (e) a secondary plan;
- (f) an amendment to an existing agreement imposed as a condition of approval of a previous development application;
- (g) an amendment to the Development Plan or Complete Communities; or
- (h) any combination of the above.

A potential applicant is entitled to submit to the designated employee a pre-application in respect of a proposed development for the purposes of

- (a) obtaining comments from the Public Service in respect of the proposed development; and
- (b) identifying any potential issues or concerns with the proposed development.

**9(3)** The designated employee is authorized to require that a potential applicant submit a pre-application in respect of a proposed development where he or she determines that the proposed development is particularly large or complex.

**9(4)** Where a pre-application is authorized or required in respect of a proposed development, the pre-application must be submitted before a development application is submitted in respect of that proposed development.

**9(5)** For greater certainty, a pre-application is not a development application.

**9(6)** A designated employee must apply any fee paid by a potential applicant in respect of a pre-application towards the fee for a development application in respect of the proposed development.

**General authority**

**10.** Despite anything else in this By-law, and in addition to any other authority granted under this By-law, the Director is the approving authority in respect of the following

- (a) CA;
- (b) CONDO;
- (c) DAPS; and
- (d) DAAPS.

**General condition of approval**

*added 5/9/2023*

**10.1(1)** In addition to any condition imposed by the approving authority, and subject to any requirements of the Charter, it is a condition of approval of every CA, DAS, DASZ, DASSF and DAZ that, in the sole discretion of the approving authority, either:

- (a) at least 10% of the land be conveyed to the City for purposes of the City other than streets; or
- (b) a cash payment in lieu of land, in an amount determined by the approving authority, be paid to the City.

**PART 3  
PUBLIC HEARING PROCESS**

**Precedence**

**11** Where anything in this Part conflicts with section 51(10) of the Procedure By-law No. 50/2007, then this Part shall prevail.

**Combined hearings**

**12(1)** Except where otherwise provided in this By-law, the hearing body for a combined hearing is

- (a) EPC where the combined hearing involves an application for an amendment to the Development Plan or to Complete Communities;



- (b) the relevant Community Committee where
  - (i) the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; and
  - (ii) no part of the site is within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies; or
- (c) in all other instances, SPC.

**12(2)** In addition to any instance set out in section 278 of the Charter in which a combined hearing may be held, a designated employee is authorized to determine that a public hearing in respect of a development application be combined with one or more of the following:

- (a) a DAC or DAOC;
- (b) a public hearing in respect of an application for a demolition permit or a removal permit required under Part 9.

**12(3)** In addition to any instance set out in section 278 of the Charter or in subsection 12(2) in which a combined hearing may be held, a public hearing in respect of a development application to amend Complete Communities may be combined with a public hearing in respect of an application for a non-conforming private access under the Private Access By-law No. 49/2008.

### **Public representations**

**13(1)** The hearing body for a public hearing in respect of a development application, or for a combined hearing, shall hear representations at the public hearing sequentially as follows:

- (a) prior to any other representations, a designated employee shall be entitled to introduce the development application to the hearing body by providing a brief summary and the Director's position on the development application, including without limitation any issues or concerns identified by the Public Service;
- (b) the hearing body shall then hear, in order:
  - (i) the applicant;
  - (ii) anyone registered to speak in support of the development application;
  - (iii) anyone registered to speak in opposition to the development application; and
  - (iv) anyone registered for information on the development application;
- (c) following the conclusion of representations made under clause (b), the applicant shall be entitled to speak in rebuttal only to address matters raised during those representations; and
- (d) following the applicant's opportunity to speak in rebuttal, the hearing body shall close public representations.

**13(2)** Despite subsection (1), the hearing body is authorized to

- (a) modify the order in which public representations are heard; and
- (b) ask questions of the Public Service at any point during the public hearing.

**13(3)** Subsections (1) and (2), with the necessary changes having been made, applies in respect of an appeal from an order or a decision under this By-law.

**New information**

**14(1)** Once public representations have been closed under clause 13(1)(d) members of the hearing body and members of the approving authority must not receive or consider any new information unless and until the hearing body re-opens public representations in respect of the new information.

**14(2)** For greater certainty, members of the hearing body and members of the approving authority are entitled to discuss a proposed development prior to the public hearing in respect of the proposed development.

**14(3)** A hearing body must not re-open public representations unless the matter has been referred back to the hearing body for the purpose of re-opening public representations by SPC, EPC or Council.

**14(4)** Subsection 13(1), with the necessary changes having been made, applies in respect of re-opened public representations.

**14(5)** Despite anything else in this section, a member of any committee which considers a proposed development is authorized to ask questions of the Public Service for the purposes of obtaining clarification of

- (a) a matter raised in the public hearing,
- (b) procedural matters;
- (c) technical information; or
- (d) any other matter determined to be necessary by the committee.

**Decision-making time limits**

**15(1)** Where a Community Committee is the hearing body in respect of a public hearing to which this By-law applies, the Community Committee is authorized to adjourn the public hearing twice, but must make a decision or recommendations, as the case may be, in respect of the subject development application by no later than the Community Committee's third regularly scheduled meeting where the subject development application appears on the agenda.

**15(2)** The restrictions set out in subsection (1) do not apply in respect of a public hearing that is adjourned

- (a) due to lack of quorum;
- (b) at the request of the applicant; or
- (c) because notice of the public hearing must be re-posted and re-advertised for any reason.

**15(3)** Where a Community Committee fails to make a decision or provide recommendations as required by subsection (1), the City Clerk must refer the matter to SPC.

### **Hearing body recommendations**

**17** Following the close of public representations, the hearing body must

- (a) provide its recommendations to the approving authority for consideration; or
- (b) where the hearing body is the approving authority, make a decision in respect of the development application.

## **PART 4 DEVELOPMENT PLAN**

### **Application**

**18** This Part applies in respect of a development application to amend

- (a) the Development Plan; or
- (b) Complete Communities.

### **Hearing body**

**19** EPC is the hearing body for

- (a) a public hearing in respect of a development application to which this Part applies; and
- (b) a combined hearing involving a development application to amend
  - (i) the Development Plan; or
  - (ii) Complete Communities.

**Approving authority**

**20** Council is the approving authority in respect of a development application to which this Part applies.

**Appeal**

**21** Council's decision in respect of a development application to which this Part applies is not appealable.

**PART 5  
SECONDARY PLANS**

**Hearing body**

**22** The hearing body for a public hearing in respect of an application to adopt or amend a secondary plan is

- (a) the relevant Community Committee where
  - (i) the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; and
  - (ii) no part of the site is within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies; and
- (b) SPC in all other instances.

**Approving authority**

**23** Council is the approving authority in respect of a development application to adopt or amend a secondary plan.

**Appeal**

**24** Council's decision in respect of a development application to adopt or amend a secondary plan is not appealable.

## **PART 6 SUBDIVISION, REZONING AND ZONING BY-LAW TEXT AMENDMENTS**

### **Hearing body**

- 25** The hearing body for a public hearing in respect of a DAS, DASZ, DAZ or ZAA is
- (a) the relevant Community Committee where
    - (i) the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; and
    - (ii) no part of the site is within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies; and
  - (b) SPC in all other instances.

### **Priority rezoning**

- 26** Where a Community Committee conducts a public hearing under this section, the Community Committee is authorized to provide their recommendations in respect of the subject development application directly to EPC where
- (a) the Community Committee concurs in the recommendations of the Public Service;
  - (b) the Community Committee makes no amendments to the recommendations of the Public Service; and
  - (c) no person makes representations or registers in opposition to the subject development application.

### **Approving authority**

- 27(1)** Council is the approving authority in respect of
- (a) a DAS, DASZ, DAZ or ZAA; and
  - (b) a DASSF where the Public Service recommends that an agreement be required as a condition of approval.
- 27(2)** The Director is the approving authority in respect of a DASSF where he or she determines that an agreement is not required as a condition of approval.

### **Appeal**

- 28** A decision of Council pursuant to subsection 27(1) is not appealable.

## **PART 7 VARIANCES AND CONDITIONAL USES**

### **Types of variances**

**29(1)** There are hereby established 4 categories of variance:

- (a) DAV-A;
- (b) DAV-B;
- (c) DAV-C; and
- (d) DAV-D.

**29(2)** A person must submit a DAV-A development application where the person is seeking approval of a variance to vary a dimensional standard contained in the Winnipeg Zoning By-law

- (a) in respect of any yard requirement or spatial separation requirement, by no more than 5% or 0.3 metres (1 foot), whichever is the greater; or
- (b) in respect of any other dimensional standard, by no more than 5%.

**29(3)** A person must submit a DAV-B development application where the person is seeking approval of a variance in respect of any of the following:

- (a) any variance in respect of any lot to which the Downtown Zoning By-law applies; and
- (b) for any lot to which the Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies
  - (i) the modification of any yard requirement or dimensional standard where the lot has an agricultural zoning designation;
  - (ii) the modification of any yard requirement, density regulation or dimensional standard by no more than 25% where the lot has a parks and recreation zoning designation;
  - (iii) the variance of any lot area requirement for a single-family detached dwelling or a two-family detached dwelling by no more than 10% or any variance of any other zoning rule, requirement or regulation where the lot has a "RR5", "RR2", "R1", "R2", "RMU" or "RMH" zoning designation;
  - (iv) the variance of any of the following, where the lot has an "RMF", commercial, institutional or manufacturing zoning designation:
    - A. any yard requirement or dimensional standard by no more than 25%;
    - B. any parking or loading requirement by no more than 25%;

- C. any sign regulation by no more than 25%; or
  - D. the temporary establishment of a surface parking use or a loading area use for no longer than 1 year; and
- (v) any variance of any rule or regulation in respect of an accessory structure.

**29(4)** Subject to subsection (5) and section 30, a person must submit a DAV-C development application where the person is seeking approval of a variance in respect of any zoning rule, requirement or regulation not listed in subsection (2) or (3), including a variance in respect of any density rule, requirement or regulation.

**29(5)** A person must submit DAV-D development application where the person is seeking approval of a variance in respect of any zoning rule, requirement or regulation not listed in subsection (2) or (3), including a variance in respect of any density rule, requirement or regulation, where the person is also submitting an accompanying development application for subdivision or rezoning.

#### **DAV-C restriction**

**30** Where Council has enacted a by-law in respect of a subdivision or rezoning of a particular site, any DAV submitted in respect of that site within 2 years following the date of enactment of the by-law must be submitted as a DAV-D.

#### **Density Variances**

**31(1)** Despite anything else in this By-law, a density regulation or rule in a zoning by-law must not be modified by way of variance except in accordance with this section  
*amended 47/2021*

**31(2)** A density regulation or rule in a zoning by-law must not be modified unless the subject site has one of the following zoning designations or where an application to vary the density regulation or rule is accompanied by an application to change the zoning designations to one of the following:

*added 47/2021*

- (a) Commercial Mixed Use;
- (b) Residential Mixed Use;
- (c) Residential Multi-Family (Large); or
- (d) Transit Oriented Development.

**31(3)** Despite subsection (2), a density regulation or rule in a zoning by-law may be modified by way of variance

*added 47/2021*

- (a) where the subject site has a zoning designation or an application to change to a zoning designation which allows a two-family dwelling as a permitted use but does not meet the required lot area per dwelling unit for a two-family dwelling, by the minimum amount necessary in order to allow development of the two-family dwelling; and
- (b) where the subject site has any other zoning designation, in respect of a new or existing multi-family dwelling by no more than 10% of the density regulation or by one additional dwelling unit, whichever is greater. Where 10% of the density regulation would result in a fractional number of dwelling units, the number of dwelling units shall be rounded up to the next highest whole number.

**31(4)** Despite clause (3)(b), a density regulation or rule in a zoning by-law may be modified in other zoning designations by more than 10%

*added 47/2021*

- (a) where the application to vary the density regulation or rule in a zoning bylaw meets all of the conditions below:
  - (i) the existing multi-family dwelling is being maintained without significant changes to the building height or footprint, as determined by a designated employee;
  - (ii) any dwelling units being added to the existing multi-family dwelling will not require any site servicing upgrades, as determined by a designated employee;
  - (iii) the existing zoning district allows a multi-family dwelling as either a permitted use or a conditional use;
  - (iv) subject to subsection (5) the density meets either the minimum lot area per dwelling unit requirements of the Residential Multi-Family (Large) zoning district where the proposed development is multi-family residential, or the minimum lot area per dwelling unit requirements of the Residential Mixed Use zoning district where the proposed development is mixed use; and  
*amended 105/2023*
  - (v) where the dimensional standards of the alternative zoning district would require all of the following:
    - A. a variance for lot area;
    - B. a variance for substandard side yard; and
    - C. a legal tool such as a zoning agreement to restrict the maximum building height; or
- (b) where
  - (i) the multi-family dwelling is damaged or destroyed, the multi-family dwelling is being repaired or rebuilt and not exceeding the previous



density, and a designated employee determines that the cost of repairing or rebuilding the multi-family dwelling is more than 50% of the cost of constructing an equivalent new multifamily dwelling; and

- (ii) the application to re-establish the previous density of the multifamily dwelling is submitted within 2 calendar years following the date on which the multi-family dwelling was damaged or destroyed, as determined by a designated employee.

**31(5)** Subclause 31(4)(a)(iv) does not apply in respect of a proposed development, and instead the density of the proposed development must not exceed any previously established multi-family density, where the Director determines that the proposed development

*added 105/2023*

- (a) involves a vacant building;
- (b) is for the provision of affordable housing; and
- (c) otherwise meets the requirements of clause 31(4)(a).

#### **Types of conditional use**

**32(1)** There are hereby established 3 categories of conditional use:

- (a) DCU-B;
- (b) DCU-C; and
- (c) DCU-D.

**32(2)** A person must submit DCU-B development application where the person is seeking approval of either of the following:

- (a) for any lot to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies, any conditional use listed in that by-law; or
- (b) for any lot to which the Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies, a conditional use to allow a home-based business;

**32(3)** Subject to subsection (4) and section 33, a person must submit a DCU-C development application where the person is seeking approval of any conditional use not listed in subsection (2).

**32(4)** A person must submit a DCU-D development application where the person is seeking approval of any conditional use not listed in subsection (2) if the person is also submitting an accompanying development application for subdivision or rezoning.

**DCU-C restriction**

**33** Where Council has enacted a by-law in respect of a subdivision or rezoning of a site, any DCU submitted in respect of that site within 2 years following the date of enactment of the by-law must be submitted as a DCU-D.

**Hearing body**

**34(1)** The hearing body for a public hearing in respect of a DAV-D or a DCU-D is the relevant Community Committee where

*amended 108/2022*

- (a) the site is located entirely within the geographic boundaries of one community; and
- (b) no part of the site is within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning Bylaw applies.

**34(2)** A public hearing is not required in respect of

*amended 108/2022*

- (a) a DAV-A;
- (b) a DAV-B;
- (c) a DAV-C;
- (d) a DCU-B; or
- (e) a DCU-C.

**Approving authority**

**35(1)** The approving authority in respect of a DAV or a DCU is

- (a) the Director in respect of
  - amended 108/2022*
  - (i) a DAV-A, a DAV-B, or a DAV-C; or
  - (ii) a DCU-B or DCU-C;
- (b) the relevant Community Committee in respect of a DAV-D or a DCU-D where
  - (i) the applicant has also submitted an accompanying development application for subdivision or rezoning; and
  - (ii) the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community;

- (c) SPC in respect of a DAV-D or a DCU-D where
  - (i) the applicant has also submitted an accompanying development application for subdivision or rezoning; and
  - (ii) the site is located within two or more communities.  
*Amended 108/2022*
- (d) *repealed 108/2022*

**35(2)** Despite subsection (1), the Director is authorized to decline to make a decision in respect of a DAV-A, DAV-B or DCU-B and instead refer the relevant development application to

- (a) the relevant Community Committee where the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; or
- (b) SPC in all other instances.

### **Temporary delegations of authority**

**36(1)** Despite anything else in this By-law but subject to this section, Council may, by resolution, approve a temporary delegation of authority to the Director in respect of a DAV-C or DCU-C.

*amended 117/2021; amended 23/2022*

**36(2)** In order for a temporary delegation of authority approved under subsection (1) to be valid, the resolution approving the temporary delegation of authority must identify the time period during which the temporary delegation of authority shall be in effect.

**36(3)** Despite subsection (2), at any point following the date on which a temporary delegation of authority is approved under subsection (1) and before the date on which the temporary delegation of authority expires, Council may approve an extension of the temporary delegation of authority, which extension must not be longer than one year.

**36(4)** For greater certainty, while a temporary delegation of authority approved under subsection (1) is in effect, the temporary delegation of authority supersedes any delegation of authority contained in this By-law.

### **Appeal**

**37(1)** Subject to subsection (2), a decision of the approving authority under this Part may be appealed to the Appeal Committee in accordance with the Charter.

*amended 47/2021*

**37(2)** Where the site is located entirely within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law No. 100/2004 applies, a decision of the approving authority under this Part may be appealed in accordance with that By-law.

*added 47/2021*

### **Termination of variances**

**38** The Director is authorized to terminate an approval of a variance in accordance with the Charter.

## **PART 8 STREET CLOSINGS**

### **Hearing body**

**39** The hearing body for a public hearing in respect of a DAC or a DAOC is

- (a) the relevant Community Committee where
  - (i) the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; and
  - (ii) no part of the site is within the area to which the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies; and
- (b) in all other instances, SPC.

### **Approving authority**

**40** Council is the approving authority in respect of a DAC or a DAOC.

### **Appeal**

**41** A decision of Council pursuant to section 72 is not appealable.

## **PART 9 DEMOLITION PERMITS**

### **Exemption**

**42** This Part does not apply in respect of an application for a demolition permit or a removal permit submitted

- (a) by or on behalf of the City; or
- (b) pursuant to an Order issued by or on behalf of the City.

### **Application**

**43** This Part applies to an application for a demolition permit or for a removal permit where

- (a) the site is located within an area to which the Winnipeg Zoning By-law applies;
- (b) the demolition permit or the removal permit is being sought in respect of a building that contains one or more dwelling units; and

- (c) the applicant for the demolition permit or the removal permit has not obtained a building permit, valid for no fewer than 120 days from the proposed date of issuance of the demolition permit, for
  - (i) the construction of a new building on the site;
  - (ii) the renovation of the building in respect of which the demolition permit or the removal permit is being sought; or
  - (iii) the establishment of a new permitted use on the site.

**Hearing required**

**44** *repealed 59/2023*

**Hearing body**

**45** *repealed 59/2023*

**Approving authority**

**46(1)** The approving authority in respect of an application for a demolition permit or a removal permit under this Part is the Director  
*amended 59/2023*

**46(2)** In making a decision in respect of an application for a demolition permit or a removal permit under this Part, the approving authority must do one of the following:  
*amended 59/2023*

- (a) approve the issuance of the demolition permit or the removal permit without conditions;
- (b) approve the issuance of the demolition permit or the removal permit with conditions; or
- (c) deny the issuance of the demolition permit or the removal permit.

**46(3)** The approving authority must not approve the issuance of a demolition permit or a removal permit, unless the approving authority determines that the demolition or the removal in respect of which the demolition permit or the removal permit, as the case may be, is being sought

*amended 59/2023*

- (a) would not have an undue detrimental impact on the maintenance and use of adjacent properties;  
*amended 59/2023*
- (b) would not create a visual detriment to adjoining properties; and  
*amended 59/2023*
- (c) would not increase pressure to approve a new land use that is not supported by policies in Plan Winnipeg or any secondary plan that applies to the subject site.  
*added 59/2023*

**Notice**

47

*repealed 59/2023*

**Appeal**

48

A decision made under this Part may be appealed in accordance with the Charter to

(a) the relevant Community Committee where the site is located entirely within the geographical boundaries of one community; and

*amended 59/2023*

(b) SPC in all other instances.

*amended 59/2023*

## **PART 10 SITE PLAN APPROVAL**

**Application**

49

This Part does not apply in respect of an application for urban design review required by the Winnipeg Zoning By-law or the Downtown Winnipeg Zoning By-law.

**Definitions**

50

In this part, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:

“**approving authority**” means the person or committee to whom authority has been delegated to consider and make decisions in respect of an application for plan approval;

“**original approving authority**” means the person or committee who approved a development application pursuant to authority delegated under this By-law;

“**parent development application**” means the development application in respect of which an application for site plan approval has been submitted; and

“**site plan**” means a drawing of the proposed development which shows the site features that are determined to be required by the original approving authority.

**Site plan approval required**

51(1)

In addition to the conditions authorized under the Charter, the original approving authority is authorized to impose as a condition of approval of a development application the requirement that the applicant obtain site plan approval prior to the issuance of any building permits in respect of the site.

**51(2)** Where site plan approval is required pursuant to subsection (1), the applicant must submit site plans which show the location and design of those site features determined to be required by the original approving authority, which may include one or more of the following:

- (a) buildings or structures;
- (b) accessory parking areas;
- (c) driveways and private accesses;
- (d) walkways and pathways;
- (e) garbage enclosures;
- (f) fencing and landscaping;
- (g) exterior lighting;
- (h) free-standing signs; and
- (i) any other site feature as required by the original approving authority.

**Site plan approval application**

**52(1)** An applicant must submit an application for site plan approval to the designated employee.

**52(2)** The Director is authorized to determine the form in which an application for site plan approval must be submitted.

**52(3)** The designated employee must not accept an application for site plan approval unless

- (a) the parent development application has been approved by the relevant approving authority;
- (b) it is in the form determined by the Director under subsection (2); and
- (c) the applicable fee has been paid.

**Approving authority**

**53(1)** Unless otherwise provided for in the approval of the parent development application, the approving authority in respect of an application for site plan approval is the Director.

**53(2)** After considering an application for site plan approval, the approving authority must do one of the following:

- (a) approve the site plan;
- (b) approve the site plan with conditions;
- (c) refer the site plan back to the applicant to amend the site plan; or
- (d) reject the site plan.

**53(3)** Without limiting the general authority of the approving authority to impose conditions under clause (2)(b), the approving authority is authorized to require as a condition of approval of a site plan that the owner of the site enter into an agreement with the City to ensure that the site is developed in accordance with the approved site plans.

### **Amendments**

**54(1)** Despite clause 53(2)(b) the approving authority must not make any amendments to the site plan as submitted by the applicant.

**54(2)** Where the approving authority determines that amendments to the site plan are required, the approving authority must refer it back to the applicant to amend the site plan.

**54(3)** Where the approving authority refers a site plan back to the applicant under subsection (2), the applicant in respect of the application for site plan approval is entitled to resubmit the amended site plan directly to a designated employee without submitting a new application or paying additional fees.

**54(4)** Despite anything else in this section, a site plan does not need to be referred back where WPS, CC and applicant agree about a proposed amendment.

### **Appeal**

**55(1)** A decision by the approving authority in respect of an application for site plan approval may be appealed to SPC in accordance with the Charter.

**55(2)** A decision by the approving authority in respect of an application for site plan approval may only be appealed by the applicant or the owner of the site.

**55(3)** Where the City Clerk receives notice of an appeal of a decision made under this Part, the City Clerk shall give notice of the appeal to the approving authority.

### **Decision-making time limits**

**56** Section 15, with the necessary changes having been made, applies in respect of this Part.



## **PART 11 MISCELLANEOUS**

### **Notice**

**57** Except where otherwise provided in this By-law, any notice required to be sent or given under this By-law must be sent or given by the City Clerk.

### **Enhanced notice**

**58(1)** Where the Charter requires that a person post notice of a development application, the designated employee is authorized to require that the person post an enhanced notice where the designated employee determines that the enhanced notice is necessary or desirable, taking into account

- (a) the size and complexity of the development proposed by the development application; and
- (b) the physical characteristics of the site.

**58(2)** Where the designated employee determines that a person is required to post an enhanced notice under subsection (1), the person must post the enhanced notice in the form determined by the Director pursuant to section 110.

### **Form of Notice**

**59** The Director is authorized to determine the form of

- (a) a notice in respect of a development application required to be posted pursuant to the Charter; or
- (b) an enhanced notice required to be posted pursuant to subsection 60(1).

### **Address for service**

**60(1)** Unless otherwise provided in this By-law, any notice, order, decision or other document required to be given or sent to a person in respect of a matter dealt with under this By-law may be sent by registered mail to an address determined in accordance with one of the following

- (a) where the person is the owner of real property, the address maintained by the tax collector for the purpose of issuing the tax notice for that property;
- (b) where the person is an applicant, the address provided to the designated employee by the applicant; or
- (c) in all other instances, the last known address for the person.

**60(2)** Despite subsection (1), where a person to whom a notice, order, decision or other document is required to be given or sent under this By-law has provided his or her email address to the designated employee, the notice, order, decision or other document required to be given or sent under this By-law may be sent to that person at the email address so provided.

**60(3)** Where a notice, order, decision or other document is sent by way of email under subsection (2), the designated employee must obtain and retain a copy of a delivery receipt in respect of the email.

**60(4)** Where a delivery receipt is not obtained under subsection (3), the notice, order, decision or other document must be sent in accordance with subsection (1).

### **Appeals**

**61(1)** Except where otherwise provided in this By-law, any appeal authorized by the Charter from orders or decisions under this By-law may be made to SPC in accordance with the Charter.

**61(2)** A member of the hearing body in respect of a development application must not in any way participate in any appeal in respect of that development application.

## **PART 12 CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS**

### **Development Procedures By-law repealed**

**62** The Development Procedures By-law No. 160/2011 is hereby repealed.

### **Zoning Agreement Tolerance Amendment By-law repealed**

**63** The Zoning Agreement Tolerance Amendment By-law No. 7489/99 is hereby repealed.

### **Development Fees Surcharge By-law repealed**

**64** The Development Fees Surcharge By-law No. 32/2005 is hereby repealed.

**DONE AND PASSED** this 29<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2020.